

JERMEŇSKA GONILA

JERMEŇE DELIMO U : PLOŠČATE
KLINASTE
ŽOBATI

NAČIN PRENOSA MOČI : S TRENJEM
Ž OBLIŽO

- + ENOSTAVNA KONSTRUKCIJA
- + PREPROSTO UDRŽEVANJE
- + BLAŽENJE VIBRACIJ
- + VAROVANJE PRED PREOBREHENITUIJO
- + MOŽNE VELIČE MEDOSNE RAŽDALJE
- + Ž ENIM JERMENOM LAHKO POGANJAMO VEČ GREDI
- ŽDRS U PRIMERU PRENOSA MOČI S TRENJEM
- HRUP U PRIMERU PRENOSA MOČI Ž OBLIŽO
- OBČUTLJIVOST NA UPLIVE IZ OBLIŽJA

$$L = L_1 + L_2 + 2L_v$$

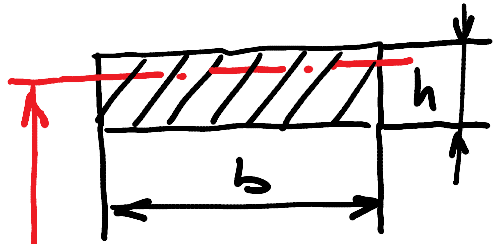
$$L_1 = \hat{\beta}_1 \frac{d_1}{2} \quad L_2 = \hat{\beta}_2 \frac{d_2}{2}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \pi - 2\hat{\sigma} \quad \hat{\beta}_2 = \pi + 2\hat{\sigma}$$

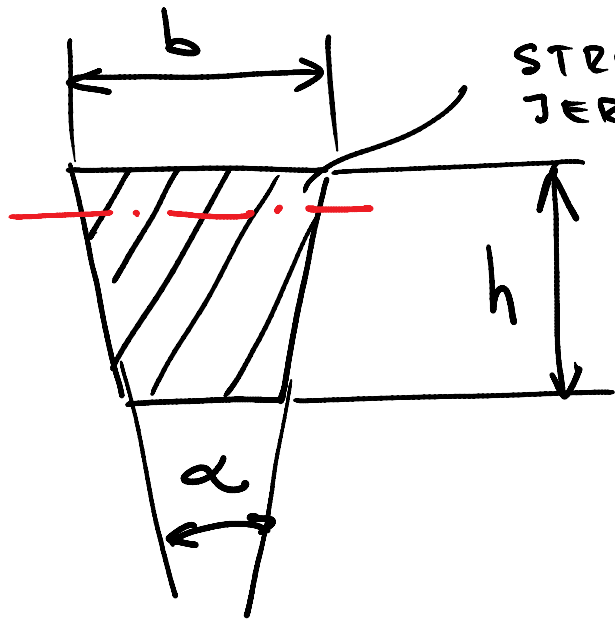
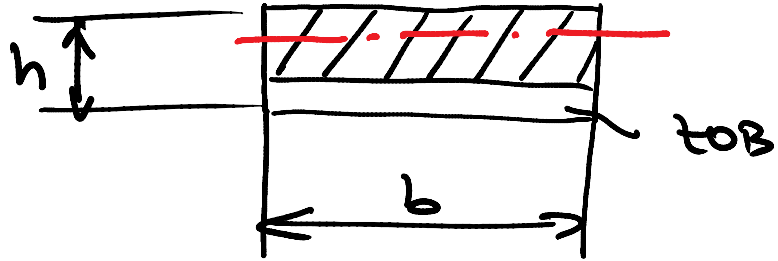
$$\tan \hat{\sigma} = \frac{d_2 - d_1}{2L_v} \quad L_v = \frac{d_2 - d_1}{2 \tan \hat{\sigma}}$$

$$L = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1 d_1}{2} + \frac{\hat{\beta}_2 d_2}{2} + \frac{d_2 - d_1}{\tan \hat{\sigma}}$$

$$\check{d}_1, \check{d}_2, \check{\alpha} \quad \sin \hat{\sigma} = \frac{d_2 - d_1}{2a}$$

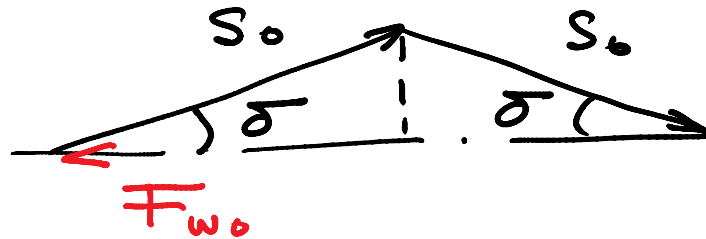
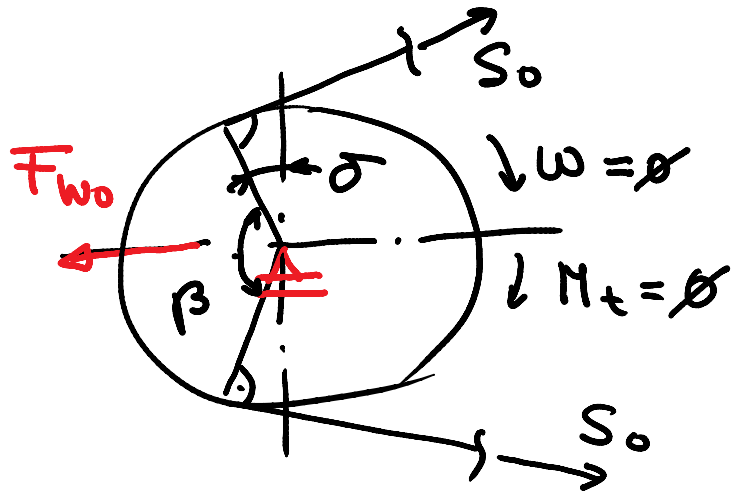


d_1, d_2 SE MÉRITA
OD NEUTRALNE
OSI ŽERMENA



STRUKTURA
ŽERMENA JE
ΣΟΜΠΟΖΙΤΝΑ

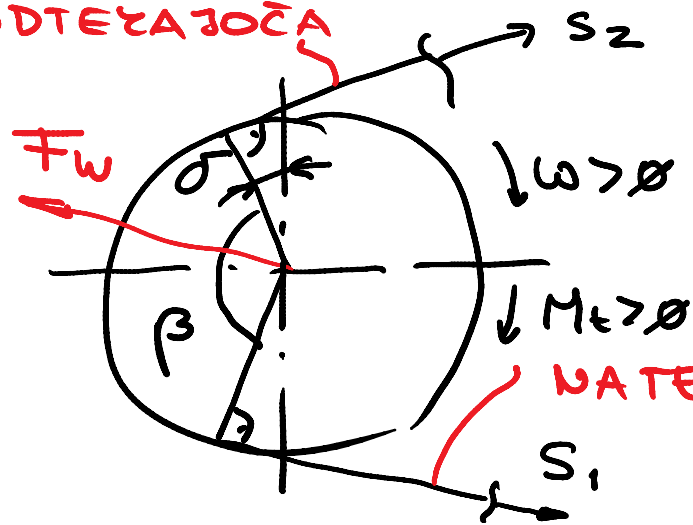
SILA PREDNAPETJA PRI MONTAŽI



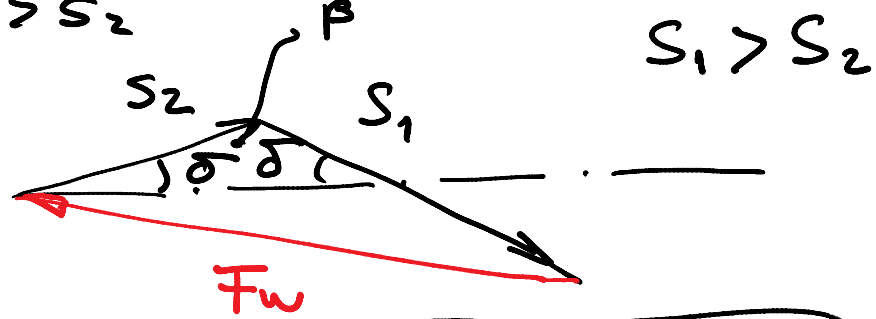
$$F_{w0} = 2S_0 \cos \sigma$$

SILA PREDNAPETJA PRI OBRATOVANJU

ODTEŽAJOČA



$S_1 > S_2$

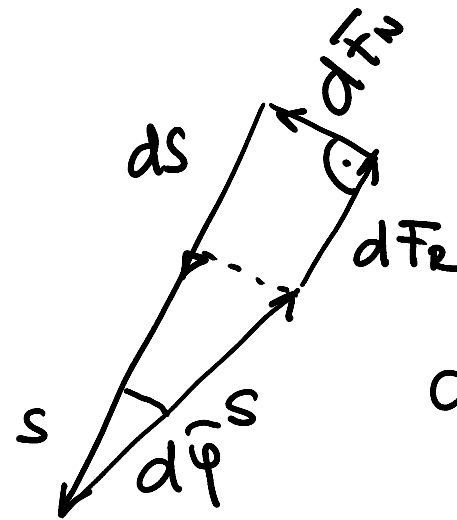
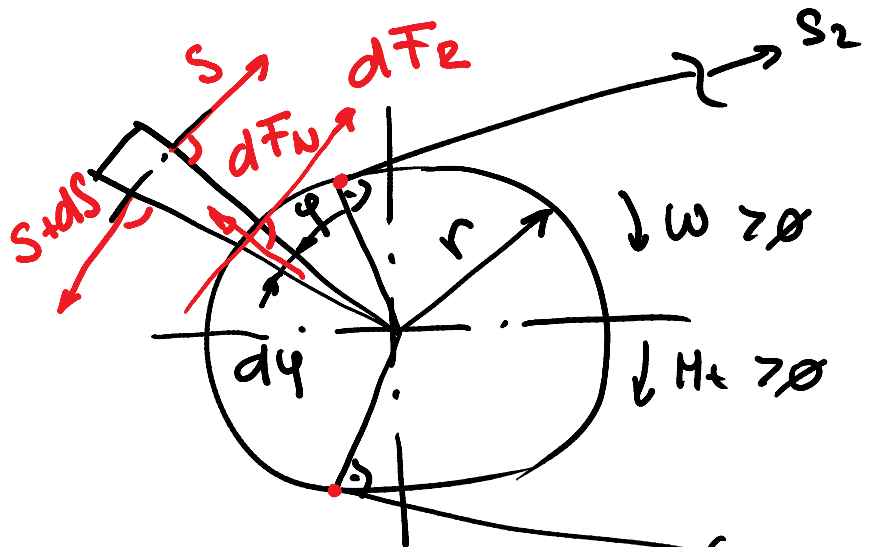


$S_1 > S_2$

$$F_w = \sqrt{S_1^2 + S_2^2 - 2S_1S_2 \cos \beta}$$

NA TEŽAJOČA

EI TELWEI NOVA ENAĀBA



$$dF_R = \mu dF_U$$

$$S d\hat{\varphi} \approx dF_U$$

$$dS \approx dF_R$$

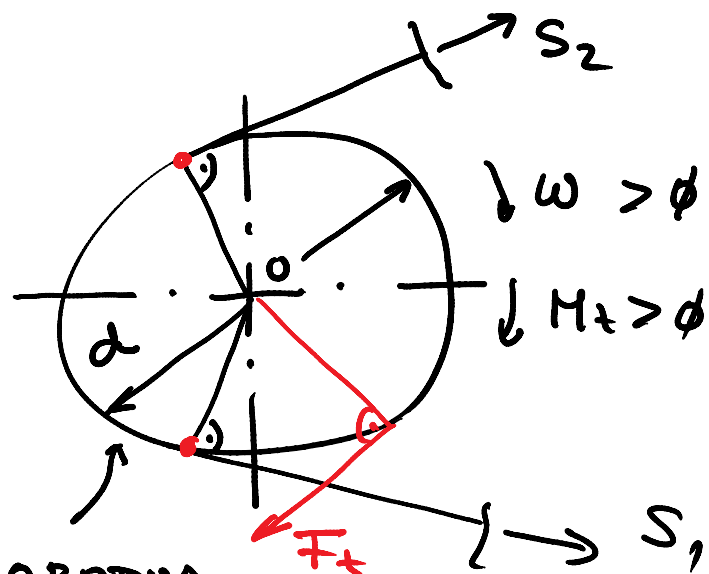
$$\mu \int_0^{\hat{\beta}} ds = \ln S \Big|_{S_2}^{S_1} = \ln \frac{S_1}{S_2}$$

$$S_1 = S_2 \cdot e^{\mu \hat{\beta}} = S_2 \cdot m$$

$$S d\hat{\varphi} = \frac{dF_R}{\mu} = \frac{dS}{\mu}$$

$$\int_0^{\hat{\beta}} \mu d\hat{\varphi} = \int_{S_2}^{S_1} \frac{dS}{S}$$

m: RAŽMERJESIL



OBODNA
SILA SE PREVAŠA
ZOT "INTEGRAL"
PREZO ZONTAKTA
JERMENA IN JERMENICE

$$\sum M_i^O = \phi = S_2 \cdot r - S_1 \cdot r + F_t r \quad | :r$$

$$F_t = S_1 - S_2 \quad \blacksquare$$

$$M_t \checkmark$$

$$F_t = \frac{M_t}{D} \checkmark$$

EITELWEINOVA ENAČBA
OBRAUNAVA RAŽMERE
NA MEJI ŽDRSA

$$F_R = F_t.$$

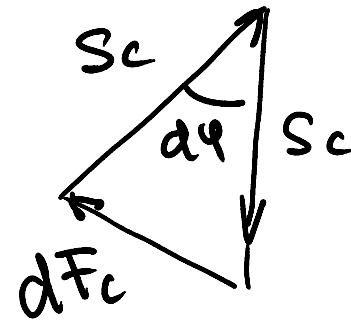
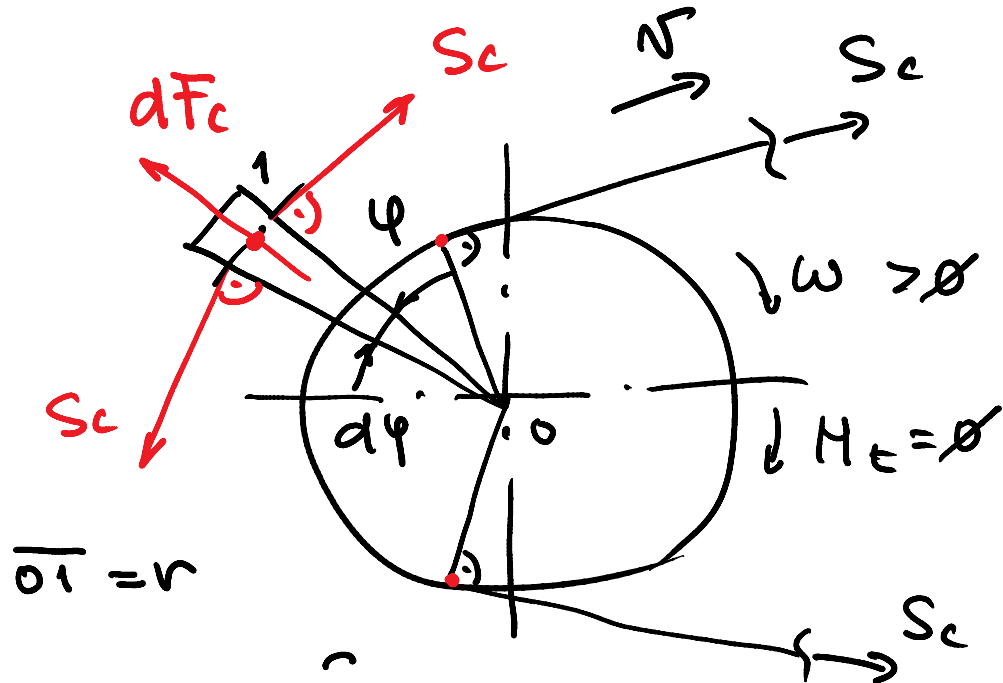
$$\frac{S_1}{S_2} > m$$

ELASTIČNI IN
PRAVI ŽDRS

$$\frac{S_1}{S_2} \leq m$$

ELASTIČNI ŽDRS

UPLIV CENTRIFUGALNE SILE NA SILE U ŽERMENU



$$dm = \rho dV = \rho A r d\hat{\varphi}$$

$$S_c d\hat{\varphi} \approx dF_c = r \omega^2 dm$$

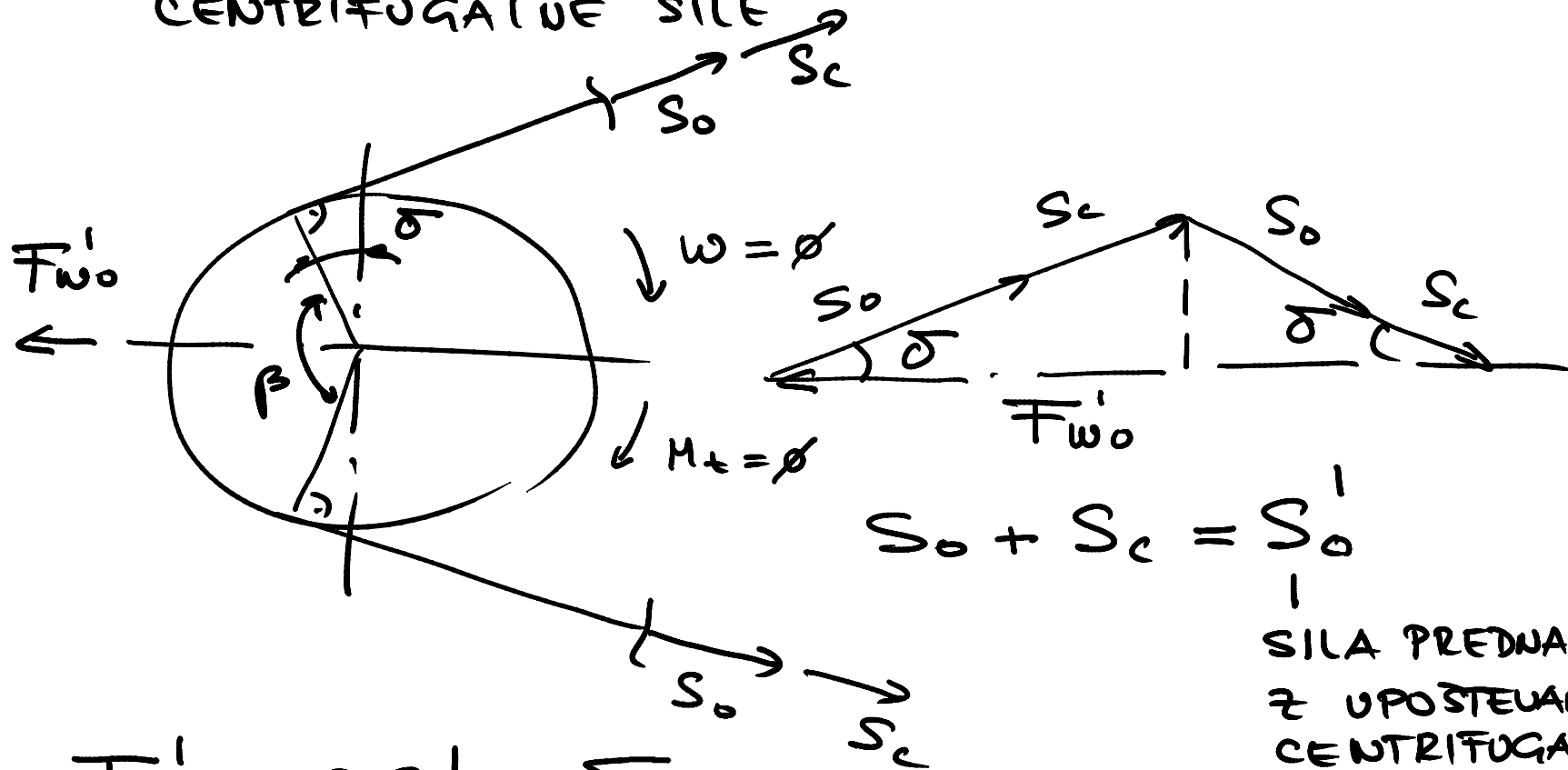
$$S_c d\hat{\varphi} = r \omega^2 \rho A r d\hat{\varphi}$$

$$S_c = \rho A r^2$$

SILA U ŽERMENU ŽARADI
CENTRIFUGALNE SILE

ν : OBODNA
HITROST
ŽERMENA

SILA PREDNAPETJA PRI MONTAŽI + UPOSTEVANJEM
CENTRIFUGALNE SILE



$$F'_{w0} = 2 S_0' \cos \delta$$

SILA PREDNAPETJA
Z UPOSTEVANJEM
CENTRIFUGALNE
SILE

$$\omega = \emptyset : S_0 + S_c$$

$$\omega > \emptyset : S_0$$

$$\omega > \emptyset : S_0' + S_c$$

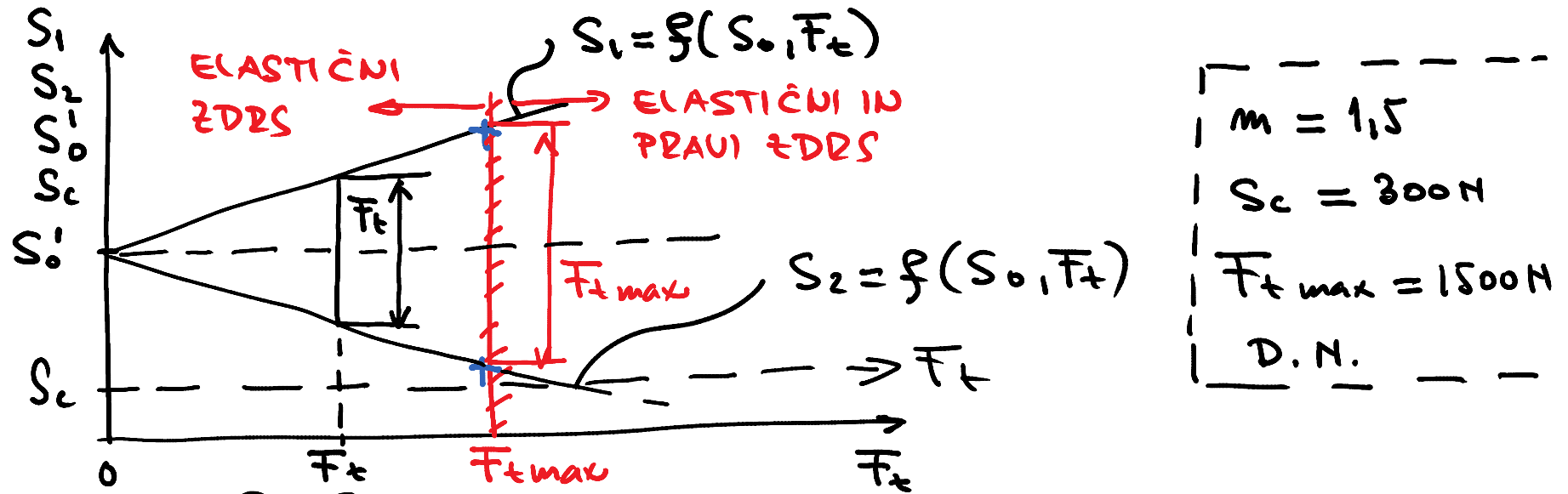
$$\omega = \emptyset : S_0'$$

| SE WANAŠA NA
| GRED
|

| SE WANAŠA
| NA JERMEU
|

ZGORAJ NAVEDENO VELJA ZA $M_t = \emptyset$

VPLIV OBODNE SILE NA SILE U JERMENU



$$S_0 = \frac{S_1 + S_2}{2}$$

$$F_t = S_1 - S_2$$

$$S_1 = S_1(S_0, F_t) = ?$$

$$S_1 = S_0 + \frac{F_t}{2}$$

$$S_0 = \frac{S_1 + S_2}{2} = \frac{S_1 + S_1 - F_t}{2} = S_1 - \frac{F_t}{2}$$

DIAGRAM VELJA, ČE JERMEN NAPENJAMO S TOMI KANJEM JERMENICE.

$$S_2 = S_2(S_0, F_t) = ?$$

$$S_0 = \frac{S_1 + S_2}{2} = \frac{S_2 + F_t + S_2}{2} = S_2 + \frac{F_t}{2}$$

$$S_2 = S_0 - \frac{F_t}{2} \quad \blacksquare$$

MAXIMALNA OBOJNA SILA, KI JO
LELI MO PRENAŠATI! TO SILO POTNAMO.

$$S_1 = S_2 \cdot m \quad F_{t \max} = S_1 - S_2$$

$$S_1 = S_1(F_{t \max}) = ?$$

$$S_1 = (S_1 - F_{t \max}) \cdot m$$

$$S_1(1 - m) = -F_{t \max} m$$

$$S_1 = F_{t \max} \frac{m}{m-1} \quad \blacksquare$$

$$S_2 = S_2(F_{t \max}) = ?$$

$$S_2 = \frac{S_1}{m} = \frac{F_{t \max} + S_2}{m}$$

$$S_2(1 - \frac{1}{m}) = \frac{F_{t \max}}{m}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{F_{t \max}}{m-1} \quad \blacksquare$$

$$S_0' = \frac{S_1 + S_2}{2} + S_c = \frac{1}{2} F_{tmax} \left(\frac{m}{m-1} + \frac{1}{m-1} \right) + S_c$$

$$S_0' = \frac{F_{tmax}}{2} \frac{m+1}{m-1} + S_A v^2$$

S₀

MINIMALNA POTREBNA
SILA PREDNAPETJA,
ČE JE F_{tmax}
MAKSIMALNA PRIČAEO-
VANA OBODNA SILA.

POTEZ IZRAČUNA

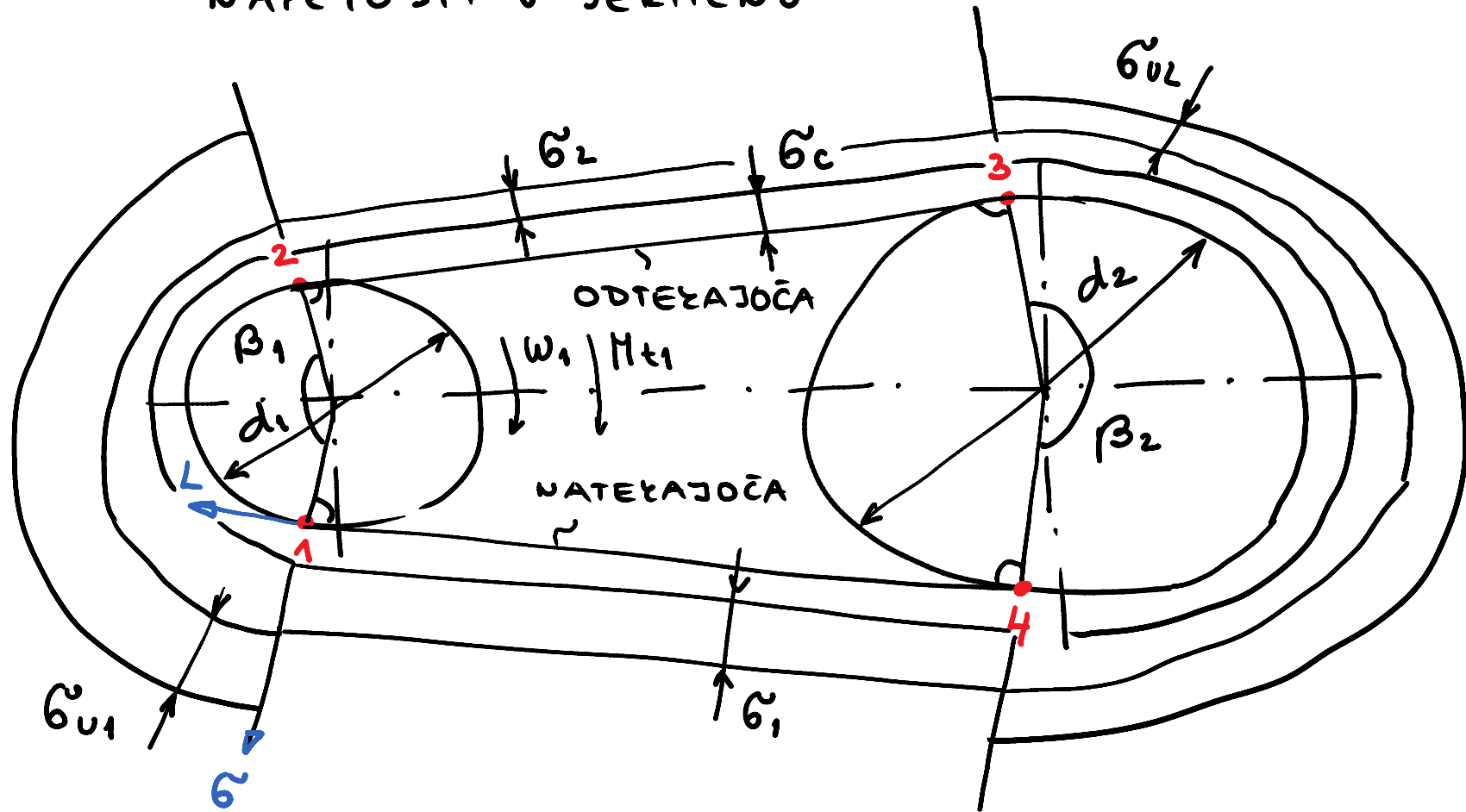
$$F_{tmax} \checkmark \rightarrow S_1, S_2 \rightarrow \overline{F_w}$$

$$S_A, v \checkmark \rightarrow S_c \rightarrow \overline{F_{w0}} \text{ in } \overline{F_{w0}'}$$

$$F_{tmax} \checkmark \rightarrow S_0$$

$$\begin{matrix} S_c \\ S_0 \end{matrix} \rightarrow S_0'$$

ΝΑΡΕΤΟΣΤΙ U ΤΕΡΜΕΝU



$$\sigma_{max} = \sigma_1 + \sigma_c + \sigma_{u1}$$

NAPETOST ZARADI CENTRIFUGALNE SILE

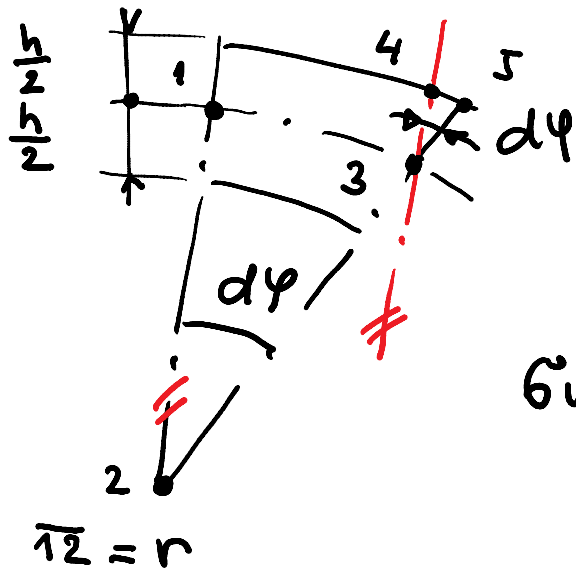
$$\sigma_c = \frac{S_c}{A} = \rho v^2$$

A PREREZ JERMENA

NAPETOSTI ZARADI SIL S_1 IN S_2 V VEJAH JERMENA

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{S_1}{A} \quad ; \quad \sigma_2 = \frac{S_2}{A}$$

UPOGIBNI NAPETOSTI



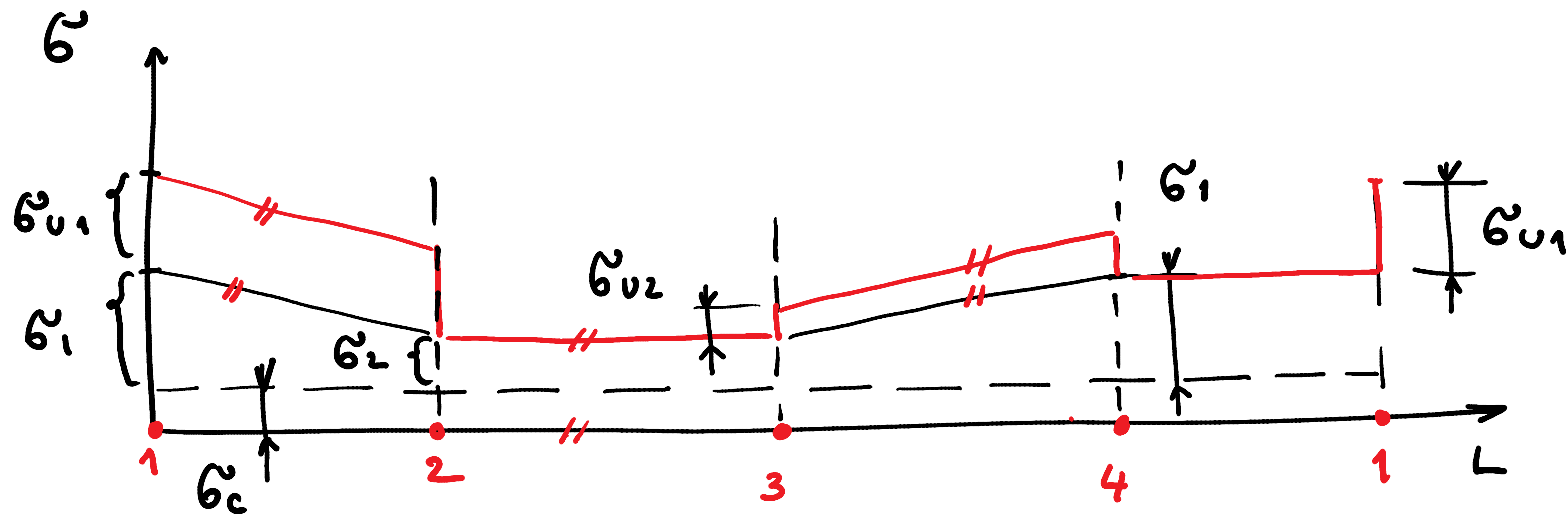
$$dL = r \cdot d\varphi = \widehat{13}$$

$$ddL = \frac{h}{2} d\varphi = \widehat{45}$$

$$\epsilon_u = \frac{ddL}{dL} = \frac{h d\varphi}{2 r d\varphi} = \frac{h}{2r} = \frac{\sigma_u}{E}$$

$$\sigma_{u1} = \frac{Eh}{d_1} \quad ; \quad \sigma_{u2} = \frac{Eh}{d_2}$$

NAPETOSTI U JERMENU PO DOLŽINI JERMENA



$$\sigma_{\max} = \sigma_1 + \sigma_c + \sigma_{u1} \leq \sigma_{\text{dop}}$$

ŠTEVILO OBREMENITVENIH CIKLOVA JE ENAKO ŠTEVILOU JERMENIC PREKO KATERIH TEČE JERMEN. DVA CIKLA!

NATEŽNA NAPETOST V ŽERMENU ŽARADI OBODNE SILE

$$\sigma_{\max} = \sigma_1 + \sigma_c + \sigma_{v1} \leq \sigma_{\text{dop}}$$

$$S_1 = F_{t\max} \frac{m}{m-1} \quad | : A \quad \sigma_1 = \frac{S_1}{A} ; \quad \sigma_{t\max} = \frac{F_{t\max}}{A}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_{t\max} \frac{m}{m-1}$$

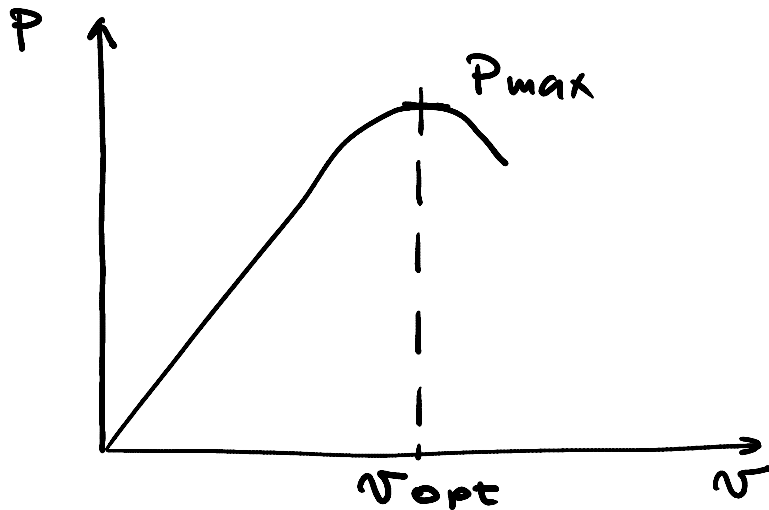
$$\frac{m}{m-1} \sigma_{t\max} + \rho v^2 + \sigma_{v1} = \sigma_{\text{dop}}$$

$$\sigma_{t\max} = \frac{m-1}{m} (\sigma_{\text{dop}} - \rho v^2 - \sigma_{v1})$$

MOČ IN OPTIMALNA OBODNA HITROST TJEKARNA

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= M_{t\max} \omega_1 = F_{t\max} \frac{d_1}{2} \omega_1 = F_{t\max} v \\
 &= \sigma_{t\max} A v = \frac{m-1}{m} (\sigma_{dop} - \rho v^2 - \sigma_{u1}) A \cdot v \\
 &= \underbrace{\frac{m-1}{m} (\sigma_{dop} - \sigma_{u1}) A}_{C_1} v - \underbrace{\frac{m-1}{m} \rho A}_{C_2} v^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P = C_1 \cdot v - C_2 v^3$$

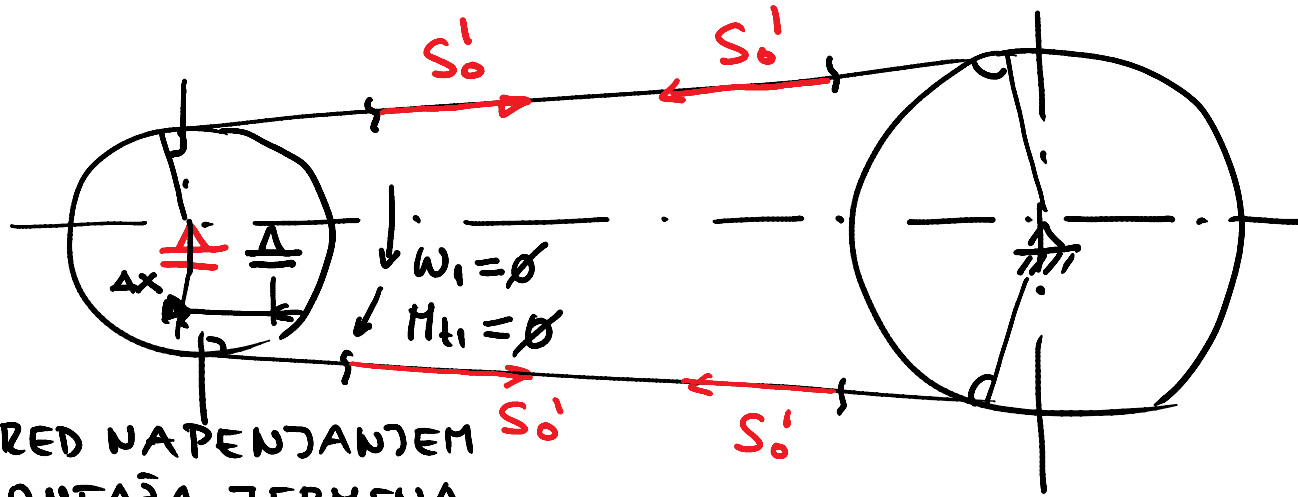


$$\frac{dP}{dv} = C_1 - 3C_2 v_{opt}^2 = 0$$

$$0 = \sigma_{dop} - \sigma_{u1} - 3\rho v_{opt}^2$$

$$v_{opt} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{dop} - \sigma_{u1}}{3\rho}}$$

PREDNAPENJANJE ŽERHENA



Δ PRED NAPENJANJEM
MONTAŽA ŽERHENA

Δ PO NAPENJANJU

L ZAČETNA DOLŽINA
ŽERHENA

ΔL RAŠTEŽEK ŽERHENA
ŽARADI S_0'

$$\sigma_0 = E \epsilon_0$$

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{S_0'}{A}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = \frac{\Delta L}{L}$$

$$S_0' = \frac{AE}{L} \Delta L$$

$$\sigma_{op} = E \epsilon_{op}$$

$$\frac{S_{op}}{A} = E \frac{\Delta L + \Delta L_v}{L}$$

$$S_{op} = \frac{AE}{L} \left(S_0' \frac{L}{AE} + L_v \left(\frac{1}{\cos \gamma} - 1 \right) \right)$$

$$S_{op} = S_0' + \frac{L_v}{L} \underbrace{AE}_{K} \left(\frac{1}{\cos \gamma} - 1 \right)$$

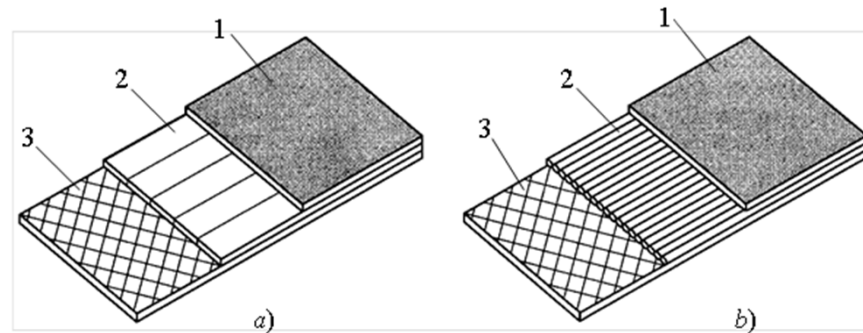
$$\frac{S_p}{2 \sin \gamma} = S_0' + K \frac{L_v}{L}$$

$$S_0' = \frac{S_p}{2 \sin \gamma} - K \frac{L_v}{L}$$

K KONSTANTA
JERHENA, KI
JO DEFINIRA
PROIZVAJALEC
JERHENA
 γ TUDI DEFINIRA
PROIZVAJALEC
JERHENOVI

ZGRADBA ŽERMEŃOU

PLOŠČATI ŽERMENI



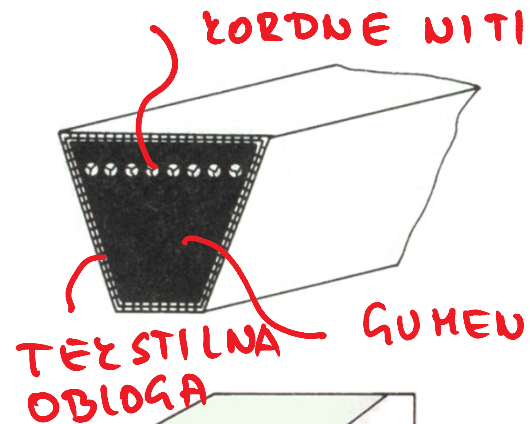
1- krovna plast, 2- vlečna plast, 3- točna plast

TOČNA PLAST : ELASTOMER , ŽROMOUO USŃJE

ULEČNA PLAST : POLIAMIDNI TRAK , ŽORDNE VRUICE

ŽROUNA PLAST : TEKSTILNA TRAVINA

ΣΛΙΝΑΣΤΙ ΣΕΡΜΕΝΙ

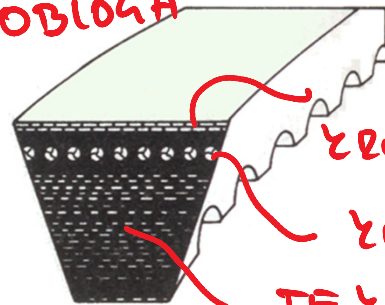


ΚΟΡΔΩΝΕ ΝΙΤΙ

ΤΕΞΤΙΛΝΑ
ΟΒΛΟΓΑ

ΓΟΜΕΝΑ ΜΑΤΡΙΧΑ

ΟΠΛΑΣΤΕΝΙ ΣΛΙΝΑΣΤΙ ΣΕΡΜΕΝ
ΝΟΡΜΑΛΝΑ ΑΛΙ ΟΥΕΑ ΙΣΥΕΔΒΑ

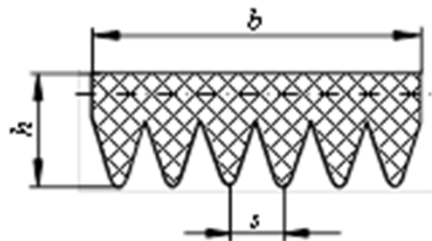


ΣΤΡΟΥΝΑ ΠΛΑΣΤ

ΚΟΡΔΩΝΕ ΝΙΤΙ

ΤΕΞΤΙΛ + ΓΟΜΕΝΑ ΜΑΤΡΙΧΑ

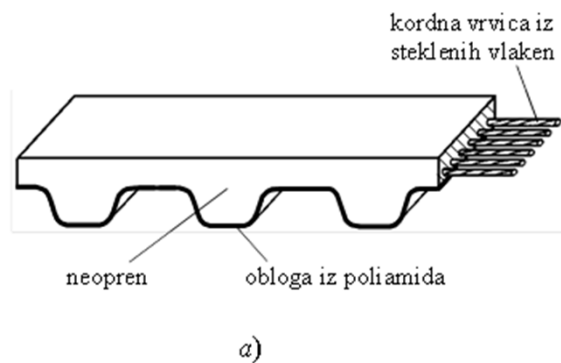
ΡΕΓΑΝΙ ΣΛΙΝΑΣΤΙ ΣΕΡΜΕΝ
ΝΟΡΜΑΛΝΑ ΑΛΙ ΟΥΕΑ ΙΣΥΕΔΒΑ



h υΐσiνα jερμενα
 s ραζνακ μεδ ρεβνι
 b σiρiνα jερμενα
 Z στεβiλο ρεβερ

ΡΕΒΡΑΣΤΙ ΣΛΙΝΑΣΤΙ
ΣΕΡΜΕΝ

ŹO BATI JERMENI



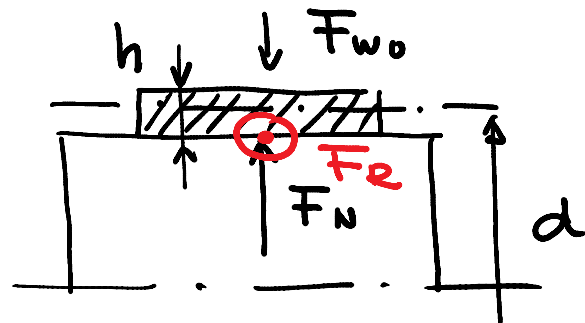
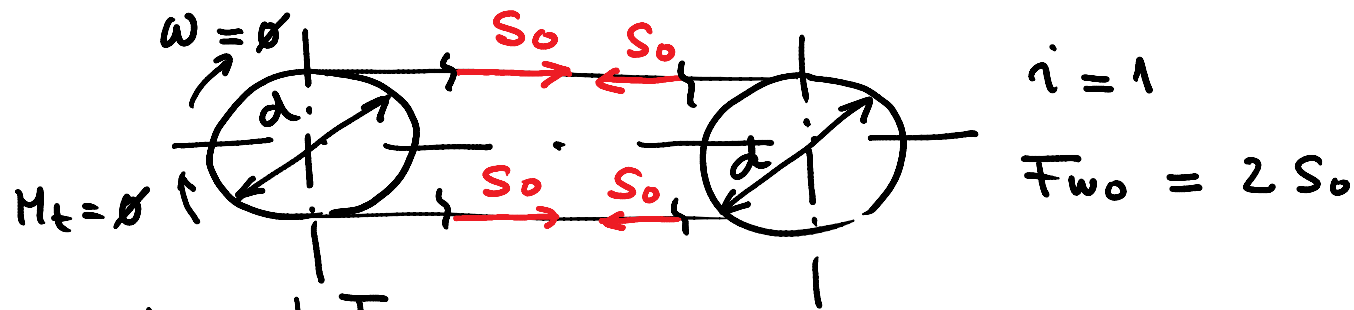
VLEČNA PLAST : ŽORDNE URVICE
IŽ JEZLA , STEŽLENIH ULAKEN,
LEULARJA

ŽAŠČITNA PLAST : NEOPREN

ŹOBJE : NEOPREN

OBLOGA : POLIAMID

PRIMERJAVA PLOŠČATEGA IN KLINASTEGA ŽER MENA
GLEDE NA SILO NA GREDI F_{w0}



$$F_N = F_{w0}$$

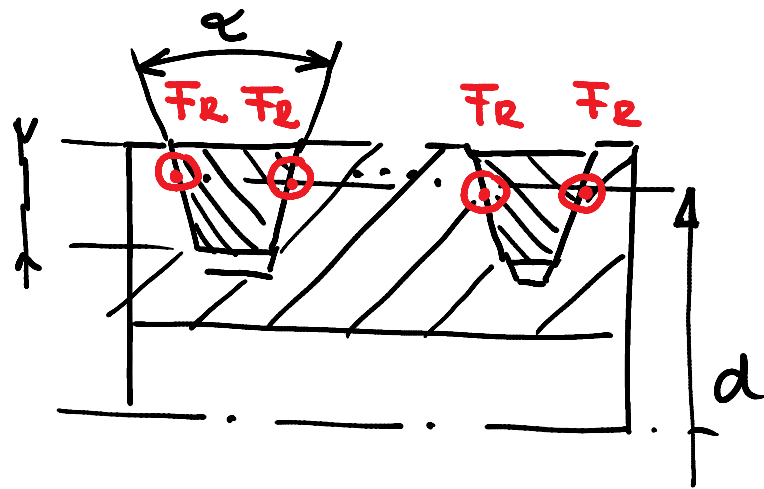
$$M_t = \frac{F_t \cdot d}{2}$$

$$F_t = \frac{2M_t}{d}$$

MOMENT, KI GA
ŽELIMO PRENAŠATI
PREKO GONILA

$$F_t \leq F_R = F_N \mu = F_{w0} \cdot \mu$$

$$F_{w0} \geq \frac{F_t}{\mu}$$



$$F_t = \frac{2M_t}{d}$$

$$F_t \leq F_e \cdot 2 \cdot i$$

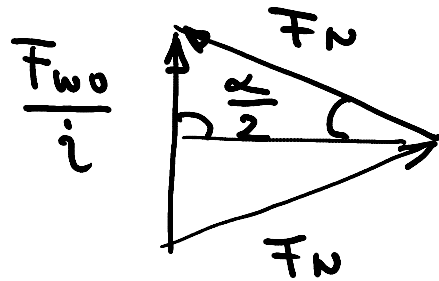
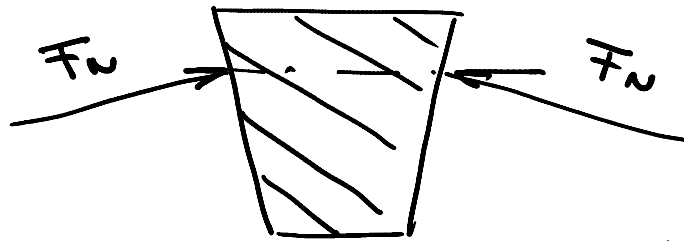
i ŠTEVILO ŽERMENOV

$$F_t \leq F_u \cdot \mu \cdot 2 \cdot i$$

$$\leq \frac{F_{w0}}{2i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \mu \cdot 2 \cdot i$$

$$F_t \leq \frac{F_{w0} \mu}{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$F_{w0} \geq \frac{F_t}{\mu} \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}$$



$$\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{F_{w0}}{2i F_n}$$

$$F_n = \frac{F_{w0}}{2i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

VREDNOTENJE JERMENSKIH GONIL

- OBODNA HITROST JERMENA

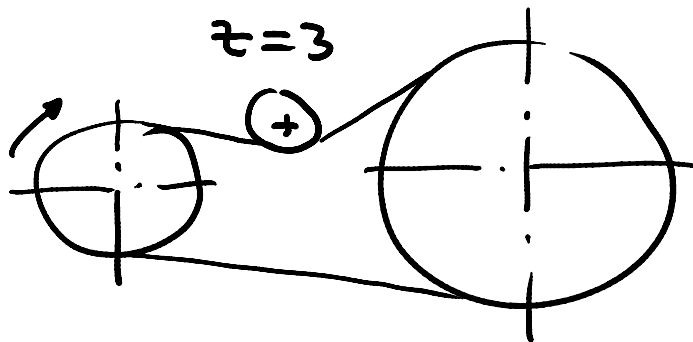
$v \leq v_{dop}$ PRI VIŠOŽIH v OBSTAJA NEVARNOST
TRENUTNEGA LOHA (EKSPLOZIJE) JERMENICE
ZARADI CENTRIFUGALNE SILE

- UPOGIBNA FREKVENCA JERMENA

$$f = \frac{v z}{L} \leq f_{dop}$$

NEVARNOST UTRUJENOSTNEGA
LOHA

z : ŠTEVILO JERMENIC



- MAXIMALNA NAPETOST V JERMENU

$$\sigma_{\max} \leq \sigma_{\text{dop}} \quad \text{NEVARNOST TRENUTNEGA LOMA}$$

- ŠIRINA JERMENA OZIROMA ŠTEVILO JERMENOV

$$b \geq \frac{P}{P_i} \quad [\text{mm}] \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{PLOŠČATI IN} \\ \text{ZOBATI JERMENI} \end{array}$$

P : MOČ, KI JO PREKO GONILA PRENAŠAMO [kW]

P_i : IMENSKA MOČ JERMENA [kW/mm]

$$i \geq \frac{P}{P_i} \quad [-] \quad \text{ZLIVASTI JERMENI}$$

P_i : IMENSKA MOČ JERMENA [kW/jermen]

i : ŠTEVILO JERMENOV